

A Program For Analysis of Two Dimensional Powder Diffraction Data

By Joshua Lande, Marlboro College

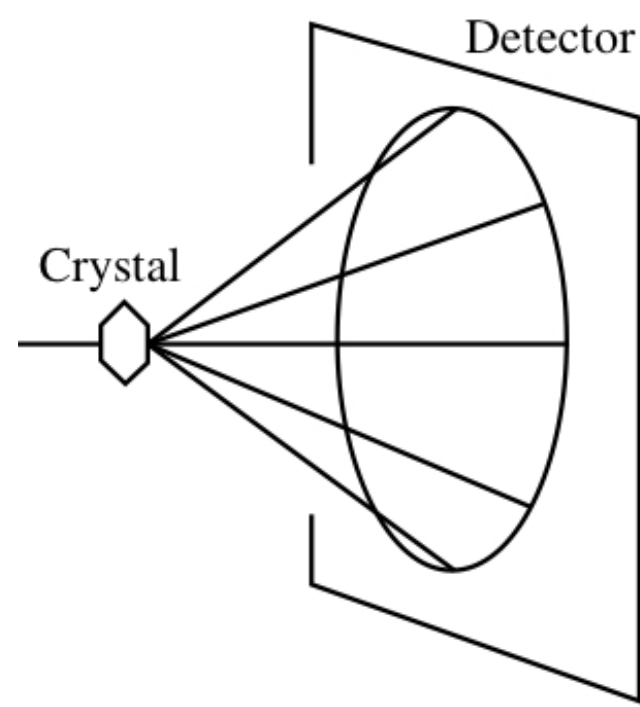
Introduction

X-ray diffraction is a technique used to analyze the structure of crystals. It records the interference pattern created when x-rays travel through a crystal. Three dimensional structure can be inferred from these two dimensional diffraction patterns. Powder diffraction is done by imaging a microcrystalline sample.

A compute program called the Area Diffraction Machine was written to facilitate in the analysis of powder diffraction data. This program can perform detector calibration, polygon masking of diffraction data, and intensity integration of diffraction data. The entire program can be fully automated with macros.

Powder Diffraction

- X-rays are generated at a Synchrotron.
- High energy X-rays are sent through a crystal.
- X-rays preferentially scatter in cones of light.
- The detector records conic sections.
- The scattering angles can be used to infer crystalline properties.

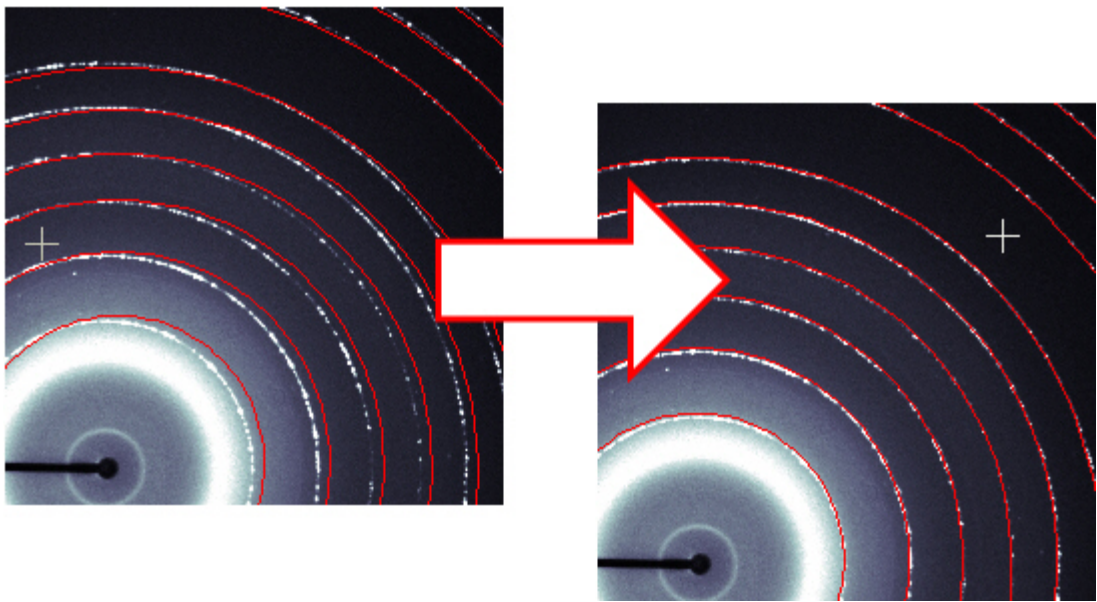
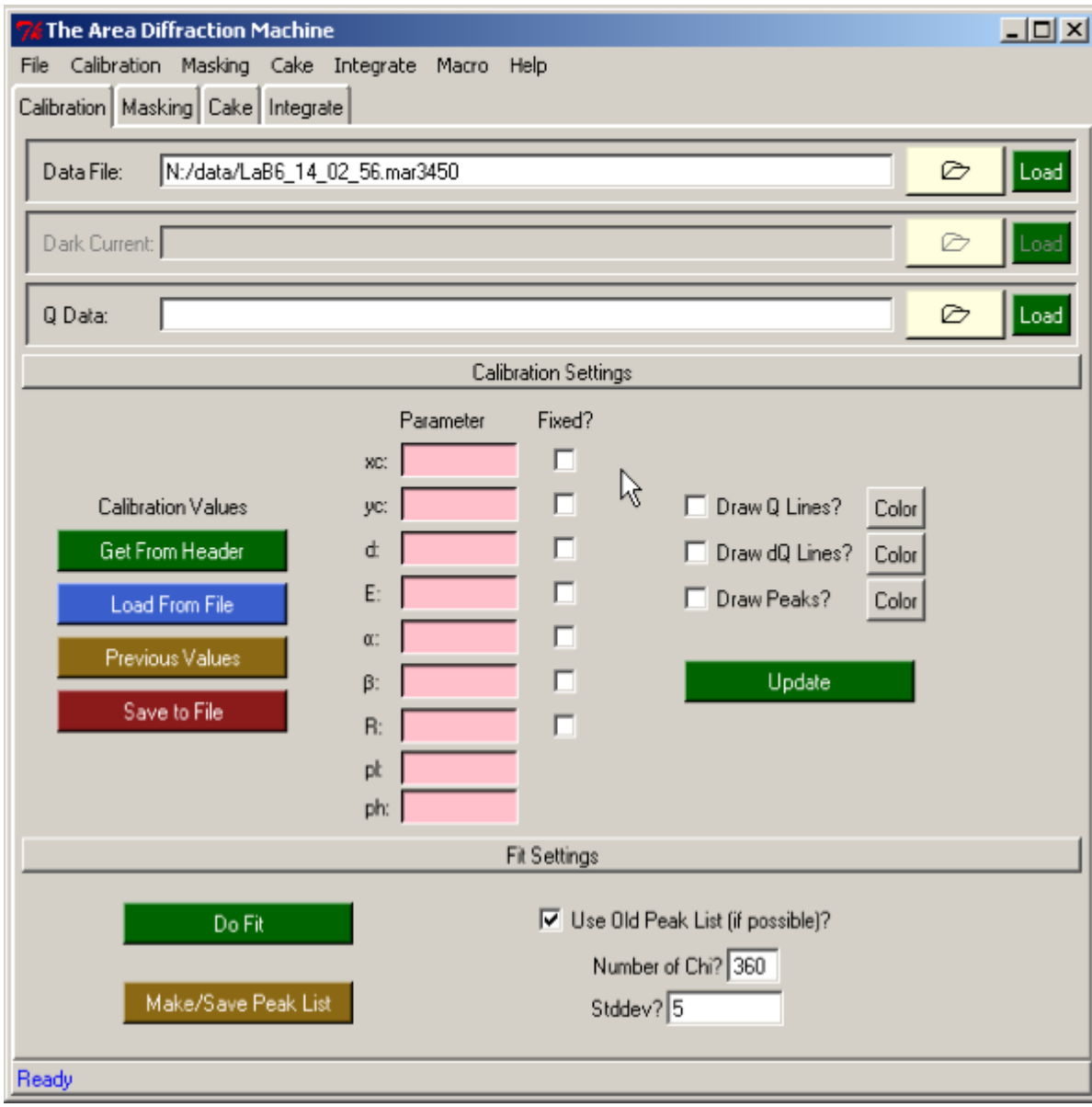


Code

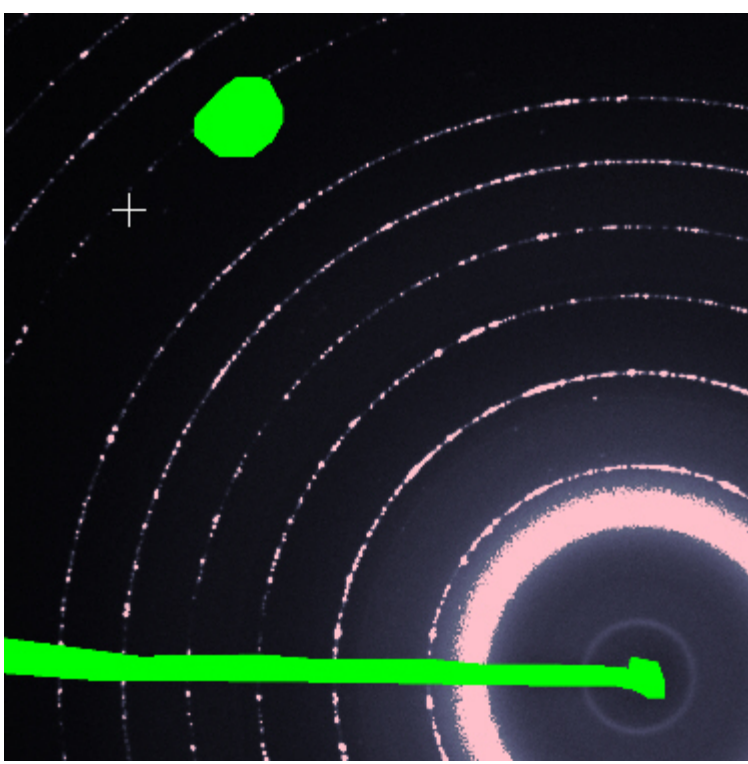
- Mostly written in Python.
- Numerical algorithms written in C and wrapped with Python extensions.
- The Python package Numeric was used to handle data arrays.
- Tkinter was used for the GUI.
- The software is released under the GPL.
- The manual was written in LaTeX.
- AreaDiffractionMachine.googlecode.com.

Area Diffraction Machine

Calibration

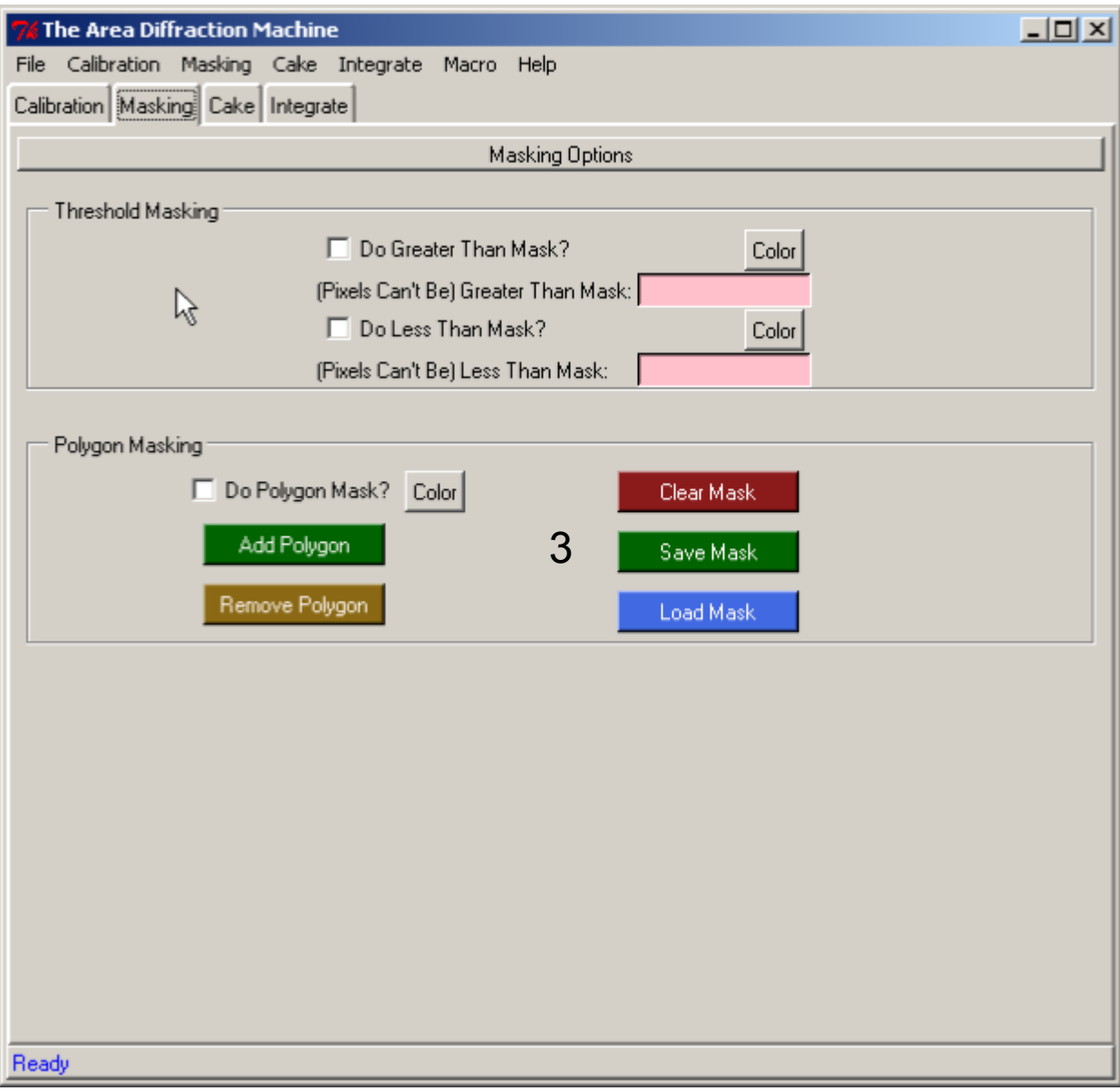


Determine experimental parameters

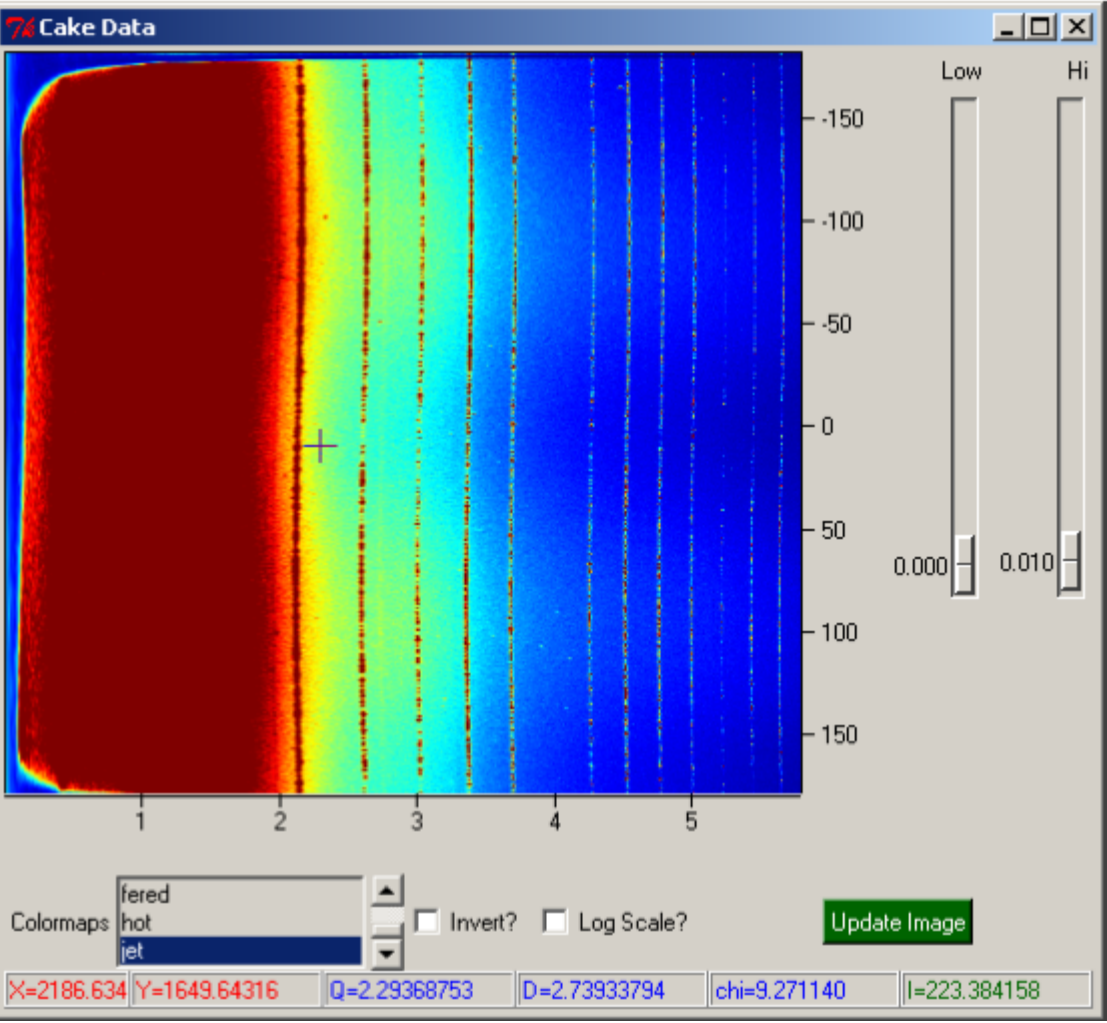
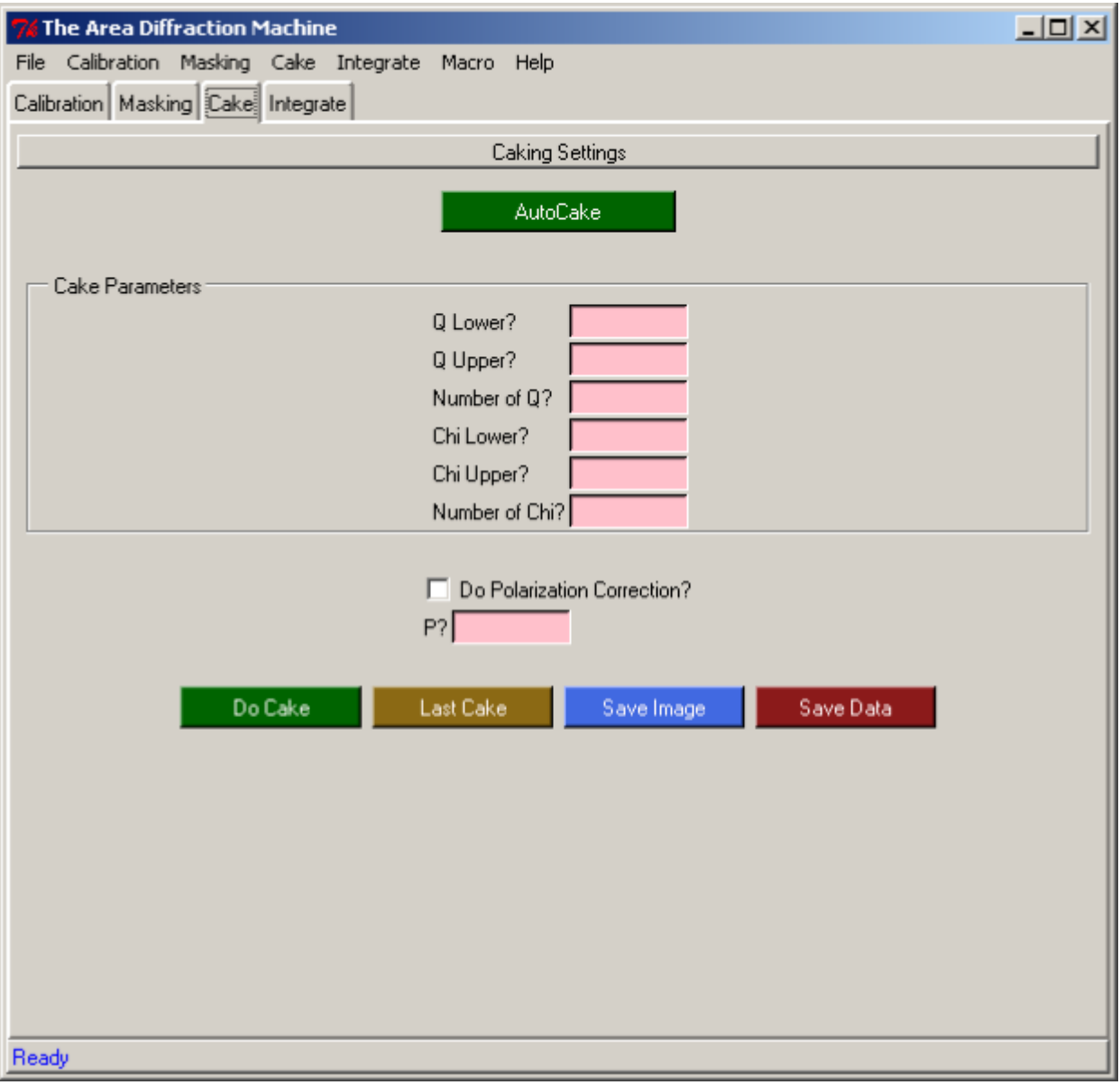


Mask parts of the image

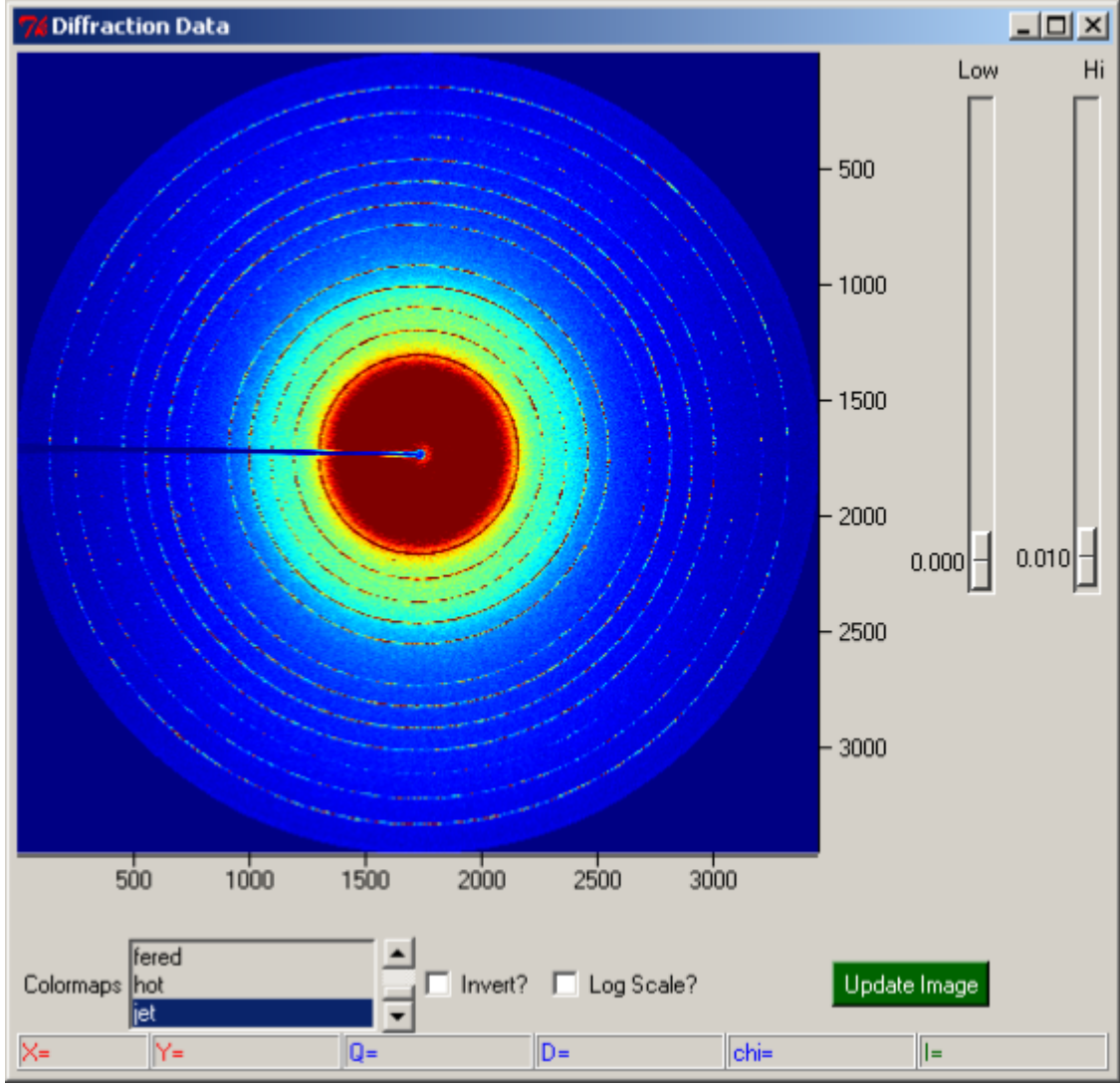
Masking



Caking

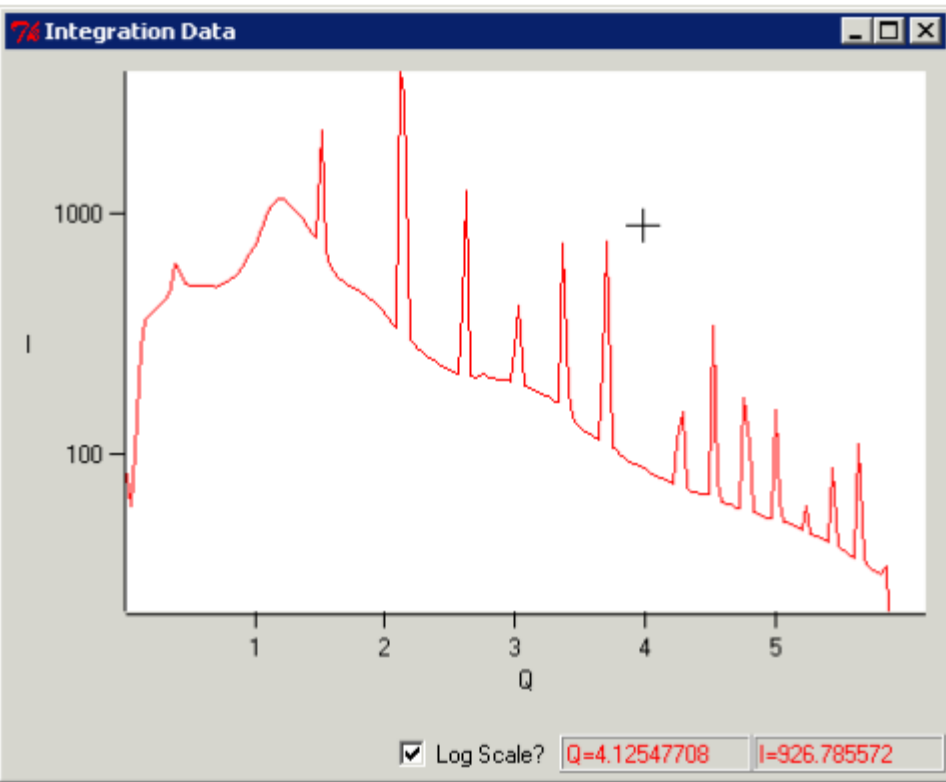
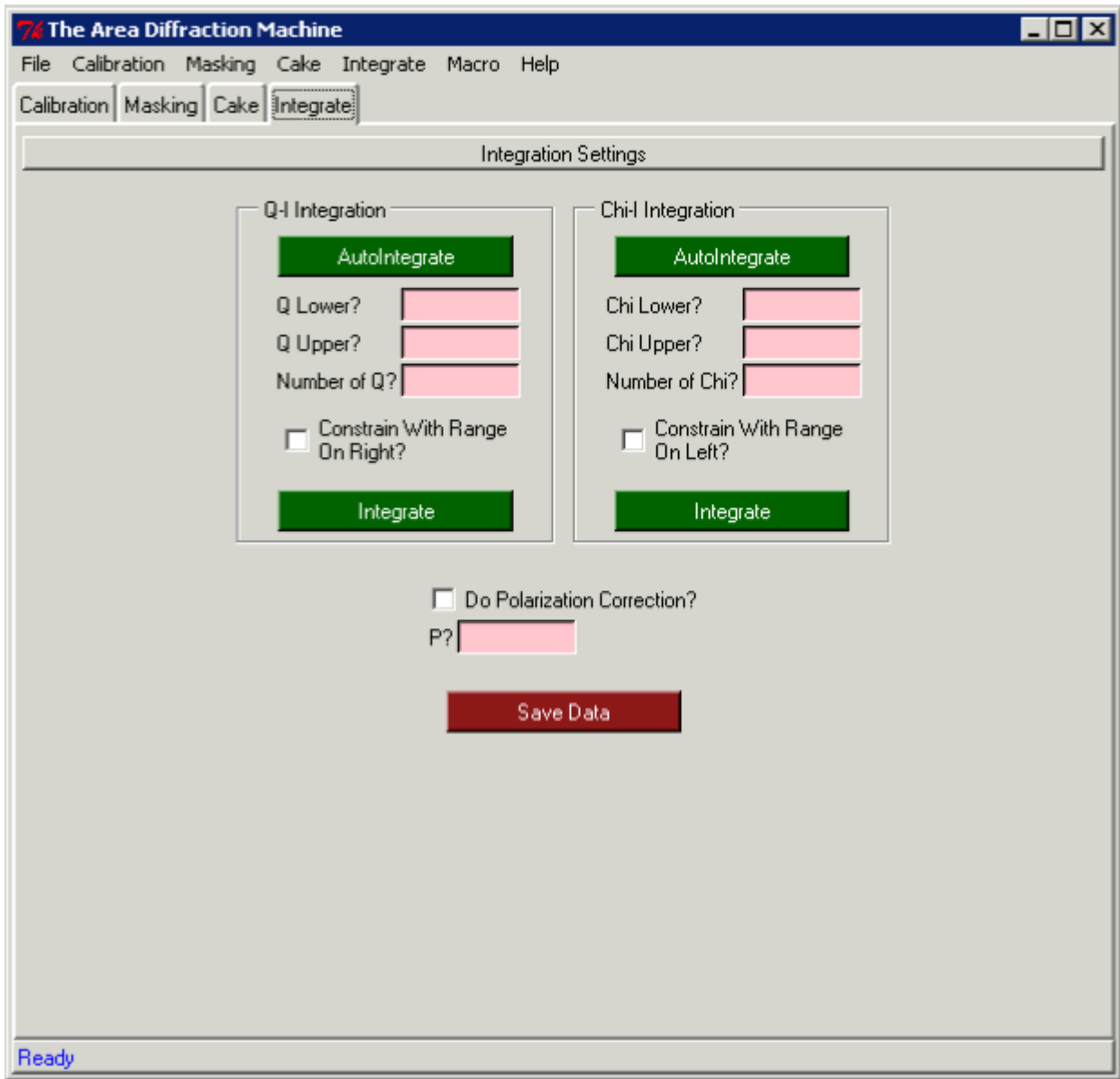


Display caked data

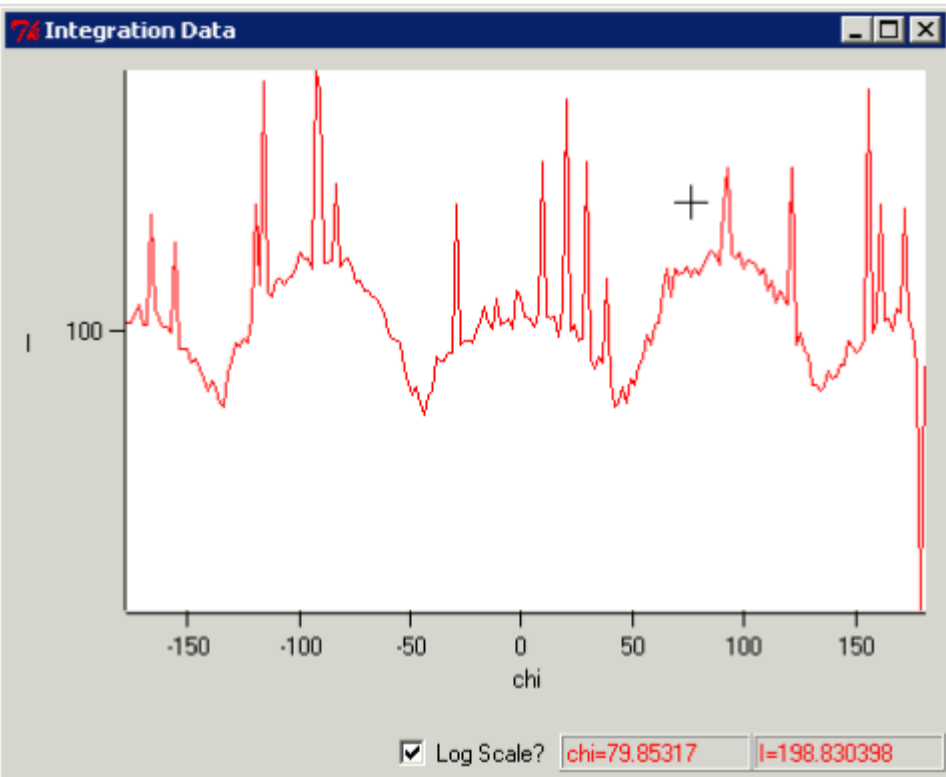


Display diffraction data

Integration



Q-I Integration



X-I Integration

Macro

```
# Macro recorded Wed Jan 30, 2008
Data File:
C:/Data/
Q Data:
C:/data/Qdata_TiO2.dat
Do Fit
Save Calibration
C:/data/cal/FILENAME_cal.dat
Q Data:
C:/data/Qdata_SS.dat
Make/Save Peak List
PATHNAME/FILENAME_peaks.dat
AutoCake
Save Cake Data
PATHNAME/FILENAME_cake.dat
Save Cake Image
PATHNAME/FILENAME_cake.jpg
```

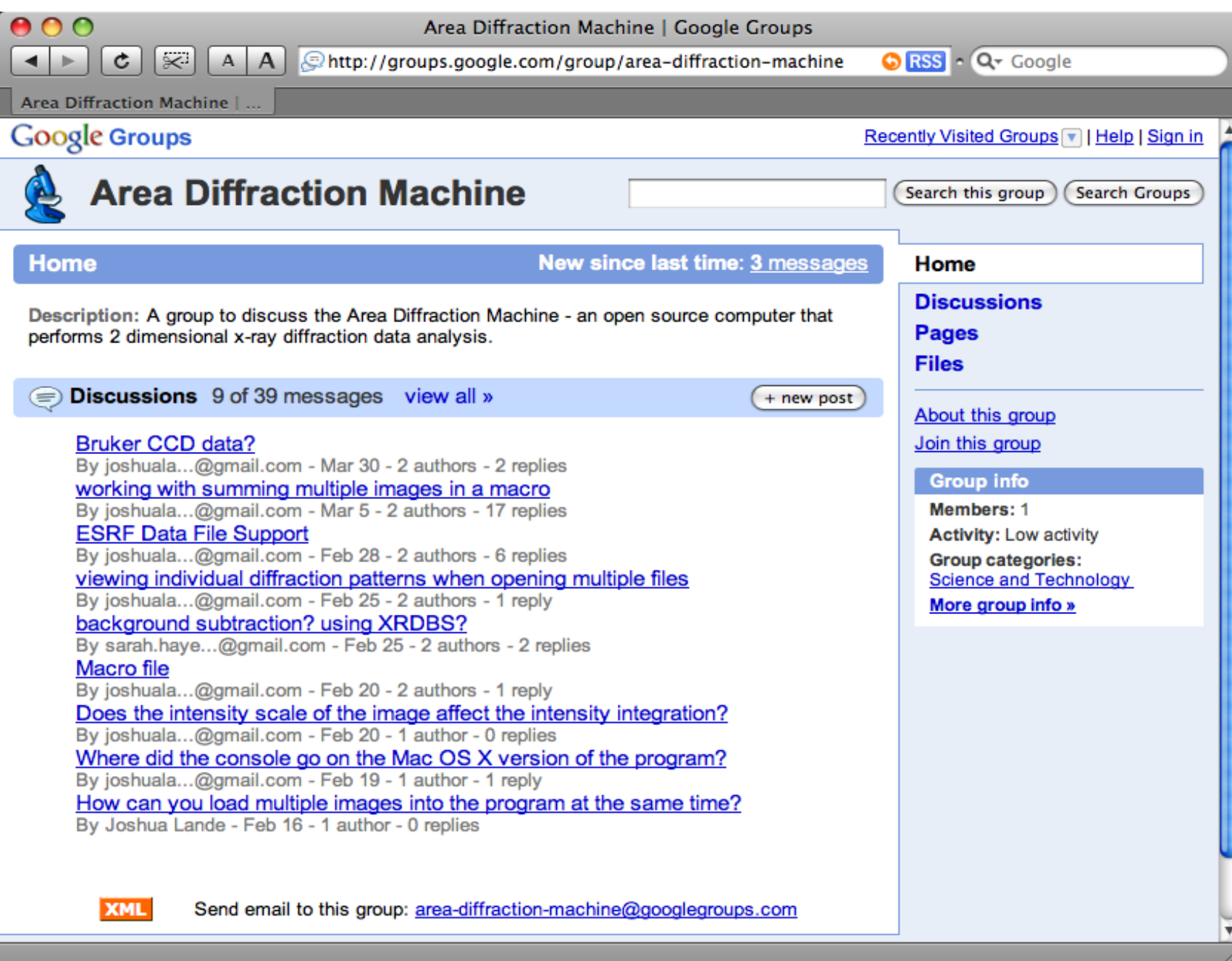
Project Hosting

- Google Code was used for project hosting.
- Subversion was used for version control.
- Google Code was used for issue tracking.
- Google Groups was used for collaboration.

Issue Tracking

ID	Type	Status	Priority	Milestone	Owner	Summary	Labels
1	Enhancement	Accepted	Medium	Release2.0.0	joshualande	I think we should be doing a geometry correction	
8	Enhancement	Accepted	Medium	Release2.0.0	joshualande	Allow working in 2theta on the cake tab?	
9	Enhancement	Accepted	Medium	Release2.0.0	joshualande	Weight the calibration parameters?	
21	Enhancement	Accepted	Medium	Release2.0.0	joshualande	Minor tick marks on the log scale.	
22	Defect	Accepted	High	Release2.0.0	joshualande	Program fails when opening a tiff	
23	Enhancement	Accepted	Medium	Release2.0.0	joshualande	We need to calculate the uncertainties properly	
24	Enhancement	Accepted	Medium	Release2.0.0	joshualande	Add more standard Q values into the program	
25	Defect	Accepted	High	Release2.0.0	joshualande	masking on calibration	
27	Defect	Accepted	Medium	Release2.0.0	joshualande	A new macro bug	
28	Enhancement	Accepted	Medium	Release2.0.0	joshualande	Read in Bruker data.	

Discussion Group



Acknowledgements

This project began during a Department of Energy Science Undergraduate Laboratory Internships I participated in at the Stanford Linear Accelerator Center during the summer of 2007. This research was done in collaboration with Dr. Apurva Mehta, Dr. Samuel Webb, and David Bronfenbrenner at the Stanford Synchrotron Radiation Laboratory. Thanks also to my advisers Travis Norsen and Jim Mahoney at Marlboro College.

